





Goldeye

CL-008 SWIR TEC1

- · Camera Link InGaAs camera
- QVGA resolution
- · Compact industrial design
- No fan
- Simple setup by GenCP
- Fast frame rates: 344 fps
- Affordable price

See the invisible

Short-wave infrared (SWIR) cameras with InGaAs sensor technology

Goldeye CL-008 SWIR TEC1 with FPA 320 \times 256 | 30 μ m | InGaAs runs 344 frames per second at 0.1 MP resolution.

Goldeye cameras are equipped with InGaAs sensor technology making them sensitive in the short wave infrared spectrum ranging from 900 nm to 1,700 nm. Some models have extended sensitivity in the visible spectrum down to 400 nm or up to 2200 nm. All Goldeye SWIR cameras can be operated at very high frame rates and capture outstanding low-noise images. They are the perfect choice for industrial and scientific applications beyond the visible spectrum. All Goldeye models are available with either a Camera Link or a GigE Vision interface.

Easy software integration with Vimba / Vimba X and compatibility to the most popular third party image-processing libraries.

Alternatively, AcquireControl provides extensive image analysis functions, such as:

- Pseudo color LUT with several color profiles
- Auto contrast
- Auto brightness
- Analyze multiple regions (rectangular, circle) within the image
- Real-time statistics and histogram display

The Modular Concept offers various options for lens mount, housing variants, optical filters, case design, and more. See the Customization and OEM Solutions webpage for additional options.



Specifications	
Interface	Camera Link Base

Resolution 320 (H) \times 256 (V)

Spectral range 900 nm to 1700 nm

Sensor FPA 320 × 256 | 30 μm | InGaAs

Sensor type InGaAs

Sensor size 12.3mm (diagonal)

Pixel size $30 \,\mu\text{m} \times 30 \,\mu\text{m}$

Lens mounts (available) C-Mount

Max. frame rate at full resolution 344 fps

ADC 14 Bit

Image buffer (RAM) 256 MByte

Cooling temperature +25 °C (default and calibrated) | +20 °C, +35 °C, +50 °C

(uncalibrated) | User configurable

Dark current 880 ke⁻/s (at +25 °C FPA temperature)

Temporal dark noise 1.6 ke⁻ (Gain0), 210 e⁻ (Gain1)

Saturation capacity 5.0 Me⁻ (Gain0), 170 ke⁻ (Gain1)

Dynamic range 70 dB (Gain1), 60 dB (Gain1)

Output

Bit depth 8-bit to 14-bit

Monochrome pixel formats

Tap geometry 1X 1Y: Mono8, Mono10, Mono12, Mono14, Mono16 | Tap geometry 1X2 1Y: Mono8, Mono10, Mono12

General purpose inputs/outputs (GPIOs)

TTL I/Os LVTTL I/Os: 1 input, 1 output

Opto-isolated I/Os 1 input, 2 outputs

RS232 115 200 Baud, 8N1 (adjustable)

Operating conditions/dimensions

Operating temperature -20 °C to +55 °C (housing)

Power requirements (DC) 10.8 V to 30.0 V



Power consumption 10.5 W (at 12 VDC)

Mass 320 g (with C-Mount adapter)

Body dimensions (L \times W \times H in mm) $78 \times 55 \times 55$

Quantum efficiency

Goldeye G/CL-008 Absolute QE Quantum Efficiency [%] Wavelength [nm]



Features

Image control: Auto

- Auto contrast
- Auto exposure

Image control: Other

- Background correction
- Binning
- DPC (defect pixel correction)
- LUT (look up table)
- Multiple ROIs (regions of interest)
- NUC (non-uniformity correction)

Camera control

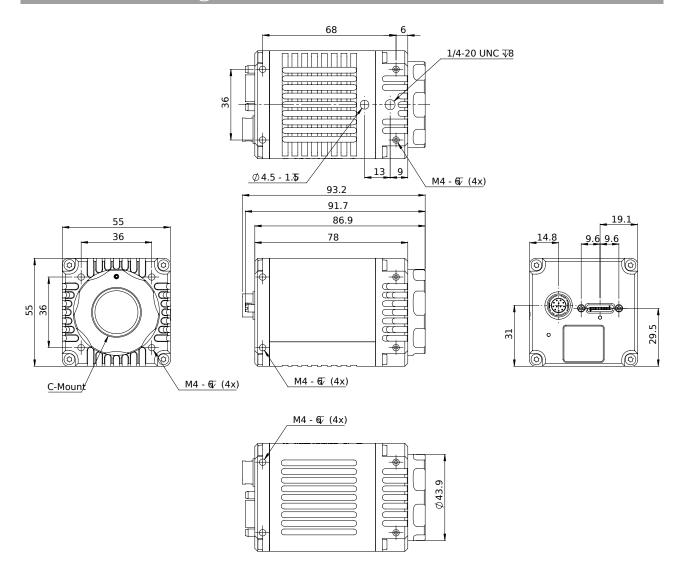
- Acquisition frame rate
- Event channel
- Firmware update in the field
- I/O and trigger control
- Image chunk data
- Stream hold
- User sets

Sensor temperature control

- Temperature management by TEC
- Temperature status indicator



Technical drawing





Applications

Goldeye cameras are very sensitive in the SWIR spectrum. They can be used in an extended operating temperature range. Thanks to temperature stabilization and integrated image correction, Goldeye cameras achieve an outstanding image quality with little noise and a high dynamic range. They are well-suited for many typical SWIR applications in various industry branches:

- Semiconductor industry: Solar cell and chip inspection
- · Recycling industry: Plastics sorting
- Medical imaging, sciences: Hyper- and multi-spectral imaging, microscopy, optical coherence tomography (OCT)
- Metal and glass industry: Thermal imaging of hot objects (250 °C to 800 °C)
- Agriculture industry: Airborne remote sensing
- Printing industry: Banknote inspection
- Electronics industry: Laser beam profiling
- Surveillance and security: Vision enhancement (for example, seeing through fog)

White Paper To learn more about typical application fields for SWIR cameras, download our White Paper: Seeing beyond the visible – short-wave infrared (SWIR) cameras offer new application fields in machine vision